EXHIBIT 1



Configuration Air Vehicl

Ed Barocela





IRD Requirements

Requirement	Threshold	Objective
Operating Airspeeds	Operating Airspeeds up to 0.93 M @ 35 kft up to 0.95 M @ 40 kft	up to 0.95 M @ 40 kft
Endurance	45 min @ 35 kft	60 min @ 35 kft
Loiter (Jammer)	30 min On-Station	40 min On-Station
Min. Rate of Climb	1500 fpm @ 25 kft	Not Specified
Turn Maneuverability	2 G's up to 19 kft	3 G's up 25 kft

Requirements **Meeting New**

84 inch Body Length

Drag and **Body Fineness**

External Pitot Inlet

Higher

Low Aspect Ratio Stub Wing

Altitude and Endurance

Increase Wing Aspect Ratio Area and

AIR LAUNCHED VEHICLE INVESTIGATION



1st ALVIN Concept



- 7 Inch Diameter Circular Body
- 110 Inch Total Length
- Low Mounted Wing
- Wing Fold Mechanism Outside of Fuel Tank
- High Aspect Ratio (AR = 8)
- External Pitot Inlet in Ventral Position



Increase Fuel Fraction

"Grow" the Mis sile

- Current MALD is volume-limited to hard for GAIRD requirements

 Fuel tank occupies traction of iselage ength, yet

 Fuel Fraction Co.

252509 a to Hength

110 inch length

AIR LAUNCHED VEHICLE INVESTIGATION



Increase Fuel Fraction

Square ITALD cela Non-Circular Cross The state of the s Section Pcd / Circular Cossissection AIR LAUNCHED VEHICLE INVESTIGATION

Chined



Increase Fuel Fraction

Re-Locate Engine Into External Macelle

- Frees up fuselage internal volume for fuel
- have been used on high speed External engine installations drones (Mach No. > 0.9)

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Increase Aerodynamic Efficiency

Increase Wing ษ์ยุธษณี Ratio

Bal

- Increase lift-to-drag ratio (L/D)
- · Probably dictates high or low wing

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Alternate Wing: Option,

Eval Position Wing

the osition used for high speed

ed for long and loiter Second to Sition use of the American use highest L/I

Mach 0.7 Position

> Folding wing design is candidate Small Diameter Bomb (SDB) for MALD

air Launched Vehicle investigation

Alternate Wing: Option 2

Stowed Position

speer (asir (lowest drag)
speer (asir (lowest drag))
speer (asir (lowest drag))

7525 Cruise P. **Cruise Position** Review

Loiter Position Low Mach

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Alternate Wing: Option 3

Diamond Wing

Innovation wing shape teachfor Sensorcraft Aerodyna Ocally equivalent to high equivalent to high Spac ratio wing Span can be reduced to fold wing

Review

available for antenna More wing sections placement ZOLLYCILSHAZI HICHHAA GHECZOYI HIV

(BOEING



Alternative Configurations



ALV-1

Circular cross section body AR 8 wing



Triangular cross section body AR 8 wing



Square cross section body AR 8 wing

AIR LAUNCHED VEHICLE INVESTIGATION

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Configurations (cont.) **Alternative**

ALV-4

Circular cross section body Diamondback wing

ALV-5

Circular cross section body Oblique wing C BOEING



Configurations (cont. **Alternative**



Circular cross section body Joined wing



Circular cross section body AR 8 wing External engine nacelle



Frade Study Methodology

Fotal Score = $\Sigma w_i U_i$

Candidate Configuration Data

Cruise Speed
Endurance
Maneuverability
Weight
Fuel Fraction

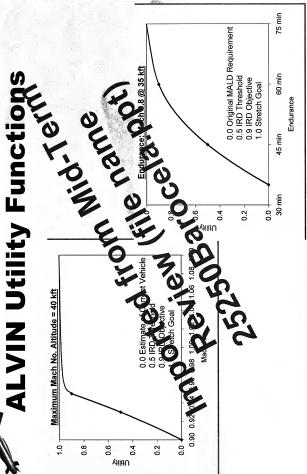
Utility Functions, u, Weighting



ISIGHT

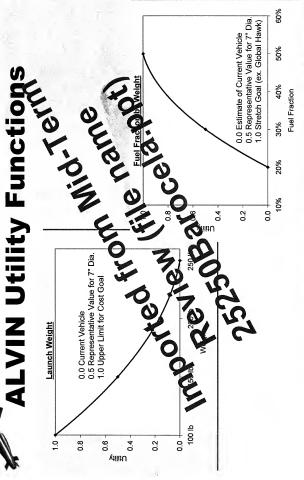
Parameter Sensitivity Candidate Scores & Rankings



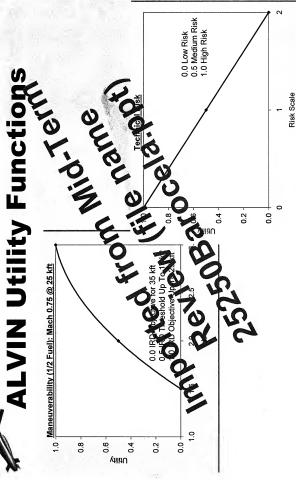


WIE LAURCHED WEHICLE INVESTIGATION





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NOTE TO THE WEST WILLIAM STATES OF THE STATE



Technology Item:

Unconventional Wing,
Oblique Wing, Diamondoack Wing,
Joined Wing

phase as fall-back.



Low Med High

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Technology Item: Future

Consider external or semi-recessed

nacelle.

Low Med High Consequence

AIR LAUNCHED VEHICLE INVESTIGATION



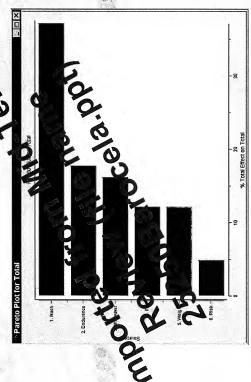


Frade Study Results

Candidate	Mach	Endurance	Maneuver	Weight	H	Risk	
♣ ALV-1	0.99	55.3 min	2.7 g's	153 lb	27%	Medium	1 5 1
ALV-2	0.93	54.2 min	2.5 g's	161 lb	27%	Medium	- 2
ALV-3	06.0	59.6 min	2.4 g's	170 lb	78%	Medium	. 6
ALV-4	0.94	53.6 min	2.6 g's	164 lb	25%	High	1
♣ALV-5	1.00	59.1 min	2.7 g's	153 lb	27%	High	
ALV-6	0.99	55.4 min	2.7 g's	152 lb	27%	High	
ALV-7	26.0	67.6 min	2.6 g's	165 lb	31%	Low	

BOEING

ISIGHT Analysis: Utility Function Sensitivities



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Trade Study Scores*

				٠.,					
Rank	1	2	3	4	5	9	7		
Total	4.69	4.04	3.62	3.56	3.40	3.02	2.95		
Candidate	ALV-7	1-V-A	ALV-5	9-VJA	ALV-2	ALV-4	ALV-3		

	1		-	19	den W		
Rank	1	2	3	4	2	9	7
Total	4.91	4.69	4.65	4.57	3.72	3.48	2.42
Candidate	ALV-7	ALV-1	ALV-5	9-NTA	ALV-4	ALV-2	ALV-3

Weight Factors = 1

Pareto Weight Factors

* Maximum Possible Score = 6

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Preferred Concept Candidates

ALV-7

External Nacelle

ILV-1

Benchmark Configuration

ALV-5

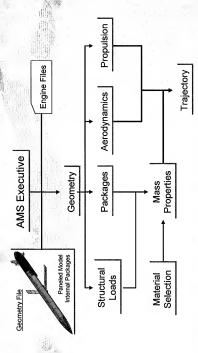
Oblique Wing (may require bifurcated inlet)

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Automated Missile (AMS Synthesis

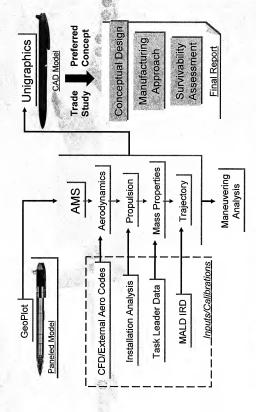
- Workstation-based synthesis tool
- Methodologies used in related codes (LODST, AVIS)



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Configuration Development



AIR LAUNCHED VEHICLE INVESTIGATION



ALVIN Preferred Concept

- Preferred Concept Design
- Preferred Concept Performance
- · Manufacturing Approach



Design Modifications

ALV-5

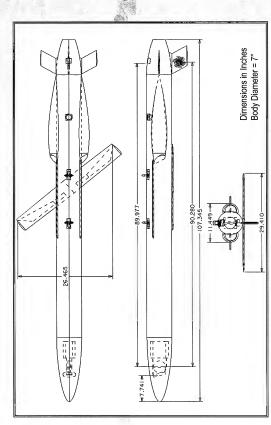
- Bifurcated Inlets
- Scarfed Inlet Face
- "Y-Tail" Empennage
- Planform-Aligned Fins
- 100 lb_f Thrust Class Engine

Preferred Concept

25292229.ppt

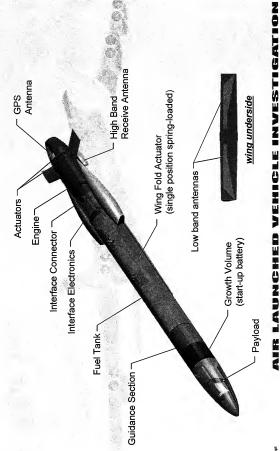


Preferred Concept





Internal Components





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Weight Statement

			_		1	-:		9.	- 480							
	TOTAL	26.8 lb	2.0 lb	0.6 lb	2.3 lb	0.8 lb	4.4 lb	12.4 lb	18.1 lb	48.5 lb	10.1 lb	6.5 lb	2.8 lb	1.8 lb	31.3 lb	168.6 lb
	FUEL									40.7 lb						40.7 lb
	STRUCTURE	26.8 lb	2.0 lb	0.6 lb	2.3 lb	dl 8.0	4.4 lb	2.4 lb	3.1 lb	dl 6.9	2.1 lb	1.5 lb	0.8 lb	qı 9:0	4.5 lb	dl 6.83
	EQUIPMENT							10.0 lb	15.0 lb	1.0 lb	8.0 lb	5.0 lb	2.0 lb	1.2 lb	26.8 lb	qI 0.69
100	ITEM	Body	Wing	Horizontal Tail	Vertical Tail	Wing Fold	Bifurcated Inlets	Payload	Avionics	Fuel Tank	Miscellaneous	Actuators	Growth	INLET	ENGINE	TOTALS

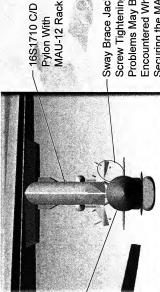
"Worst Case" with Heaviest Engine and Actuators

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Integration Issue **Bomb Rack**



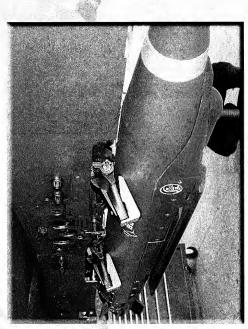


FRONT VIEW

Encountered When Securing the MALD Problems May Be Screw Tightening Sway Brace Jack on This Pylon

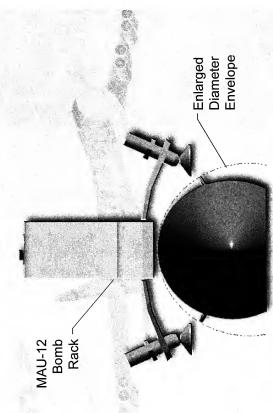
Pylon/MAU-12 Station 3 Is Shown With Station 7 Being Identical This Front View Shows the MALD Mounted on the 16S1710 C/D

Sway Brace Extenders Small Diameter Bomb



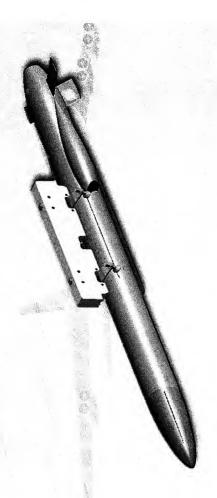


Strake Definition



AIR LAUNCHED VEHICLE INVESTIGATION

MAU-12 Attachment with Body Strake

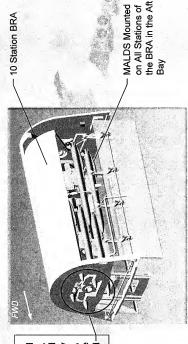






B-1B Reduced Loadou

Interference MALDS Mounted on Stations C11, C12, C21, C22 and C23 to the Bay FWD Bulkhead, Detected



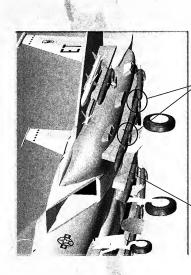
AFT BAY SHOWN

the Aft Weapons Bay. The Aft Weapons Bay Was Used Because it Represents the This View Shows the MALDS Mounted on All Locations of the 10 Station BRA in Smallest Envelope, However, the Same Results Would Be Experienced in the Forward and Intermediate Weapons Bays. Aircraft Not Shown for Clarity 2011761191721 HIVER AND CONTROL WITH





F-15E Reduced Loadou



Station 5 MALD Has the Same Tail Fins to Pylon Interference Detected that Is Evident on stations 2, 8 and the CFTs

Configuration "A" and "B" Is shown in This Image With the Boeing MALD Concept Loaded Onto stations LC1, LC2 and LC3. Notice 2 Circled Areas Where There Is Some Major Interference Detected!



Loadout Improvement Options

- Shorten Nose Cone
- Sears-Haack Profile to Reduce Drag Replace Conic Ogive Profile With
- Choose Compact Engine to Shorten Boattail
- -Example: TJ-50M

NOTE: launch lugs may straddle CG by ± 3 inches





Shortened Missile

Original Nose-Lug Distance = 55.1"







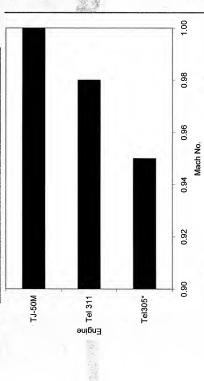
Air Vehicle

- Preferred Concept Design
- Preferred Concept Performance
 - · Manufacturing Approach



Vehicle Performance



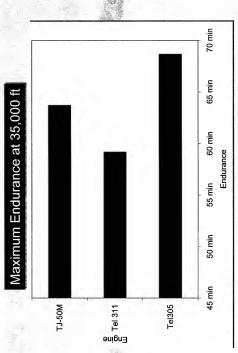


* maximum altitude = 35,000 ft

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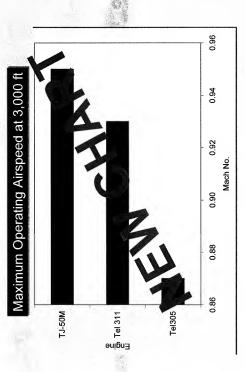
Performance (cont.)



Operating Airspeed = Mach 0.8

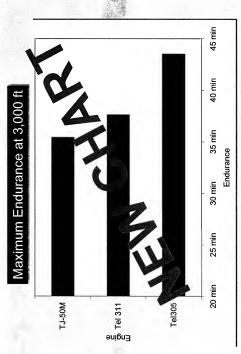
AIR LAUNCHED VEHICLE INVESTIGATION

Vehicle Performance





Performance (cont.)



Operating Airspeed = Mach 0.55

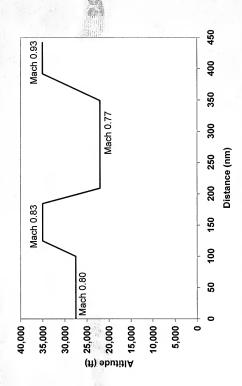
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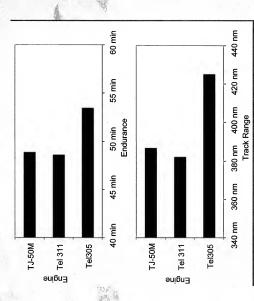
Decoy Mission Profil



AIR LAUNCHED VEHICLE INVESTIGATION



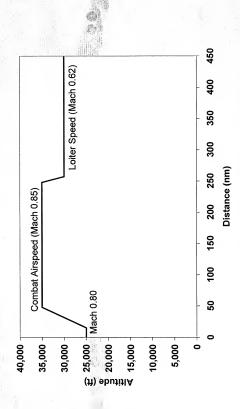
Mission Performance Decoy Reference





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Jammer Mission Profile

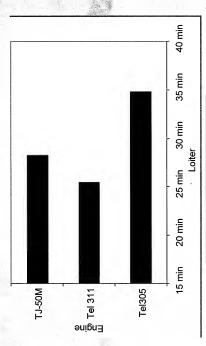


AIR LAUNCHED VEHICLE INVESTIGATION

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Jammer Mission Performance



Optimum Loiter Speed Teledyne Engines: Mach 0.62 TJ-50M: Mach 0.65-0.70



Radar Cross Section

- Analysis Performed on "All-metal" Representation of Missile
- -VHF, UHF, L, S, C, X and Ku Bands
- 360° Sweep at Different Elevations
- Results Indicate That Design:
- Will Meet Requirements of Primary **Decoy Mission**
- Is Sufficiently Robust to Support **Growth Missions**





RCS (cont.)

- Several Design Features Will Degrade Radar Signature
- Reflections From SAS Payload Through Radar-transparent Nose
- Details of Engine Inlet Boundary Layer Diverter (Internal or External)
- Body Strake





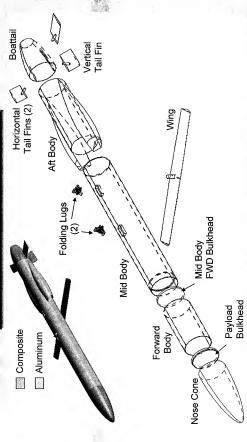
Air Vehicle

- Preferred Concept Design
- Preferred Concept Performance
 - Manufacturing Approach



Airframe Structure

11 Structural Airframe Components



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Materials and Processes

Component	Material	Process
Nose Cone	Glass Fiber Filled Ultem	Injection Molding
Payload Bulkhead	Aluminum	High Speed Machining
Forward Body	Aluminum	Extruded Tube
Mid Body Forward Bulkhead	Aluminum	Casting
Mid Body	Aluminum	Casting
Aft Body	Aluminum	Casting
Boattail	Glass Vinylester	Compression Molding
Wing	Glass/Epoxy with Spindle Insert	Resin Transfer Molding
Vertical Tail Fin	Glass/Epoxy with Root Fitting	Resin Transfer Molding
Horizontal Tail Fins	Glass Fiber Filled Ultem with Spindle Insert	Injection Molding
Folding Lugs	Steel	Machining

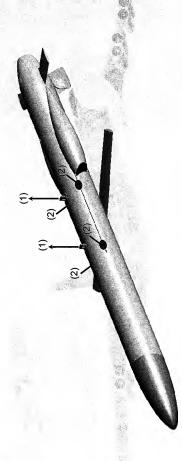


Component Sizing Conditions

				The same of the sa
Component	Captive Carry	Ejection	Free Flight	Internal Pressure
Nose Cone				
Payload Bulkhead				
Forward Body				
Mid Body Forward Bulkhead				
Mid Body				
Aft Body				
Boattail				
Wing				
Vertical Tail Fin				
Horizontal Tail Fins				
Folding Lugs				

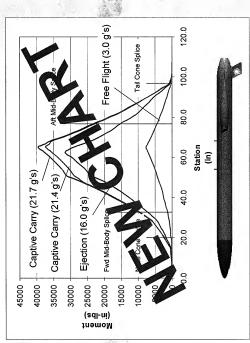


Preliminary Design Loads



- Maximum Hook Tension (2 places) = 2,000 lb_f
- Maximum Sway Brace Compression (4 places) = 2,000 lb,
- Maximum Captive Carry Acceleration = 13 g's vertical, 22 g's total
- Ejection Acceleration = 16 g's
- Maximum Flight Acceleration = 3 g's

Preliminary Body Bending Moments

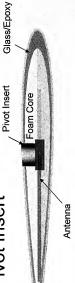






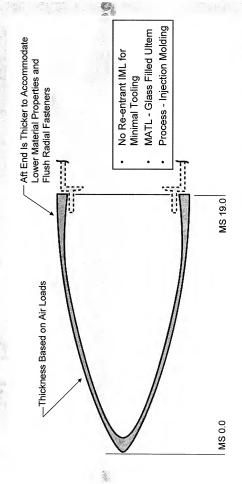
Wing Construction

- Incorporate Low Band Dipole Antenna Resin Transfer Molding Process Will
- Materials
- Glass/epoxy Skins
- Foam Core
- Steel Pivot Insert



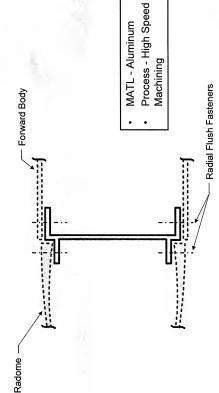


Nose Cone Construction





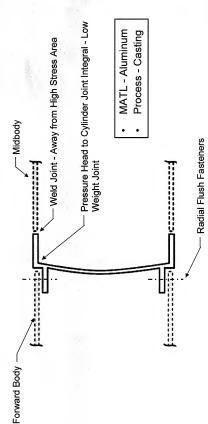
Payload Bulkhead



AIR LAUNCHED VEHICLE INVESTIGATION



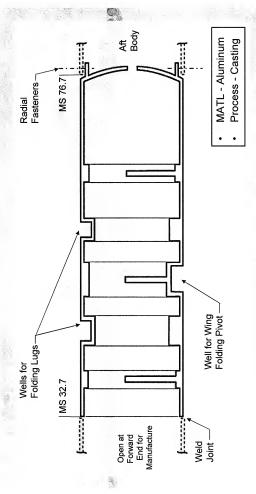
Midbody Forward Bulkhead



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MALD Midbody



Inserted Components

Folding Lugs Machined Steel







Antenna









- Preferred Concept Design
- Preferred Concept Performance
 - Manufacturing Approach
- Risk Mitigation



Air Vehicle Risk Items

- 1E: Design May Not Be Flexible Enough to Meet Requirement Creep
- 1F: Design May Not Be Flexible Enough to Incorporate the Jammer Requirement

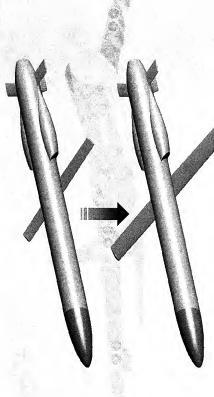


Spiral Growth Options

- **Growth Volume Behind Nose**
- 235 in³ (Excluding Start-up Battery*)
- Enlarge Wing
- At Least 2x Current Planform Area
- Electric Wing Actuator
- Continuously Vary Sweep Angle to Optimize for Endurance
- * >50 in³ Available Between Inlet Ducts to Relocate Start-up Battery (19 in³)



Enlarged Wing



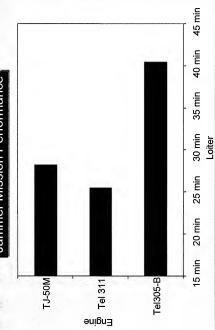
- 1.5x Span (2.25x Planform Area)
- Increases Low Speed Loiter Endurance
 - Decreases Maximum Operating Speed

AIR LAUNCHED VEHICLE INVESTIGATION



Enlarged Wing (cont.)





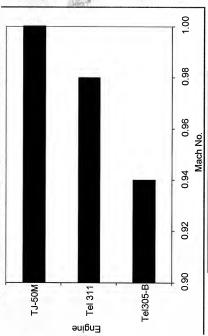
Tel305-B has enlarged wing

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Enlarged Wing (cont.)





Tel305-B now operates at 40 kft